

APRIL 5-7, 2022

WCX
DETROIT, MICHIGAN

The Impact of Miniaturized Power Modules on Electrification

Reduce the Weight and Volume of the Power Electronics

VICOR

Introduction



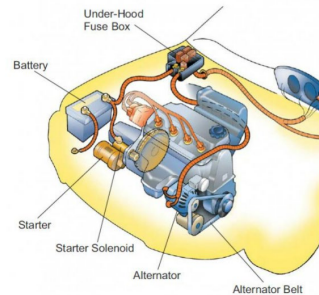
Migration to xEV has increased the electrical power used in the vehicle

Heavy Duty ICE Vehicle

14.5V Alternator

2.5 – 4.5 kW for accessory power

Direct Supply at 12V

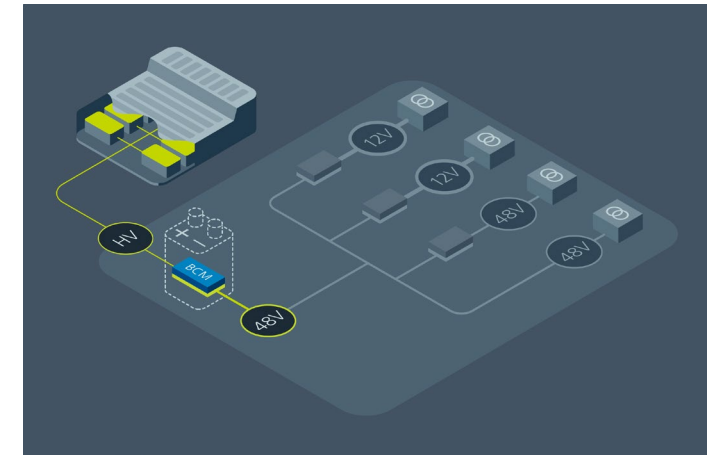


BEV Vehicle

800V / 400V Battery

100 kW power req't (4kw for accessory power)

DC/DC Conversion to 12V



DCDC conversion systems are heavy and large, improvement in lower density is desired

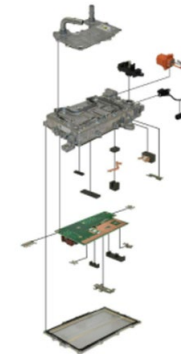
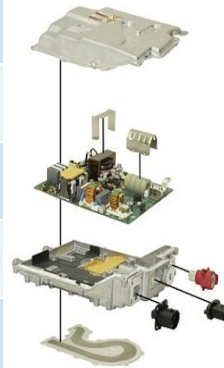
Benchmarking DCDC Converters



400V to 12V



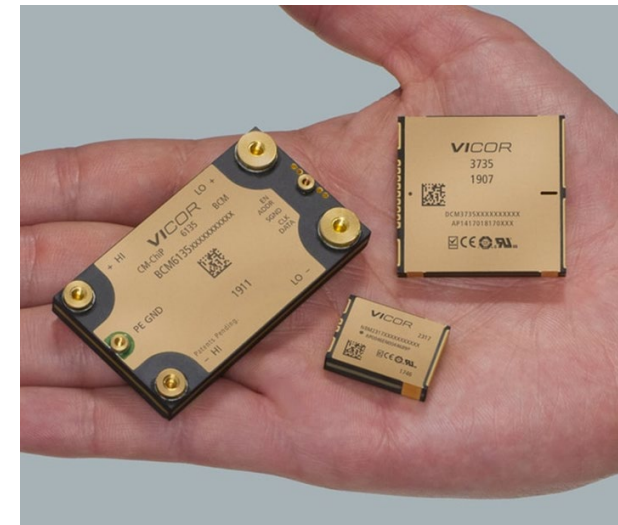
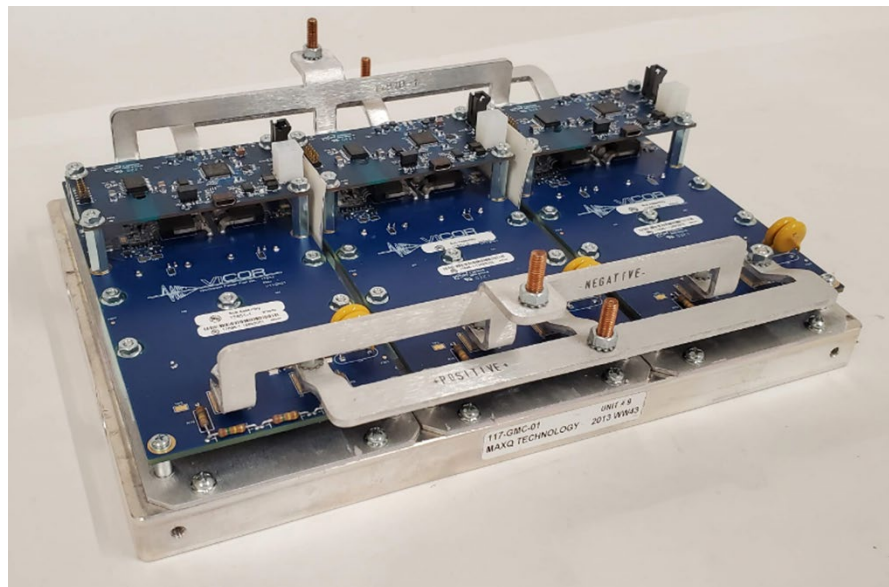
	Tesla Model X P90	Ford Mach-e	Chevy Bolt
DCDC Power Rating	2300W	3400W	2500W
DCDC Converter Mass	2.776 kg	2.301 kg	3.432 kg
DCDC Volume L	4.4L	4.03 L	5.62 L
Power Density – Mass	0.83 kW / kg	1.5 kW / kg	0.73 kW / kg
Power Density - Volume	0.52 kW / L	0.84 kW / L	0.44 kW / L



Miniature Power Conversion Devices



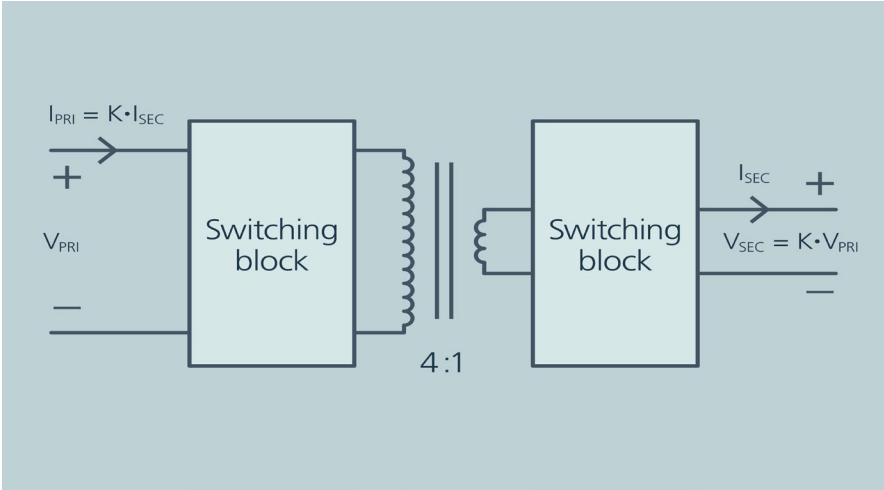
- Benefits of Sine Amplification Conversion
- BCM6135 efficiency data
- NBM6123 efficiency data



Fixed Ratio Converter



- Sine Amplitude Converter topology :
 - Zero Voltage Switching
 - Zero Current Switching
- Fixed Ratio Conversion :
 - Divide/Multiply the Voltage/Current
- Up to 2X transient current capability
- Ideal transformer behavior
- No inductor usage
- Not dependent on internal energy storage



K factor	1/16	1/4	1/1	4/1
V_{PRI}	800	48	48	12
V_{SEC}	48	12	48	48
I_{PRI}	1	1	1	4
I_{SEC}	16	4	1	1

Fixed Ratio Converter

Fast Transient Response



High frequency switching

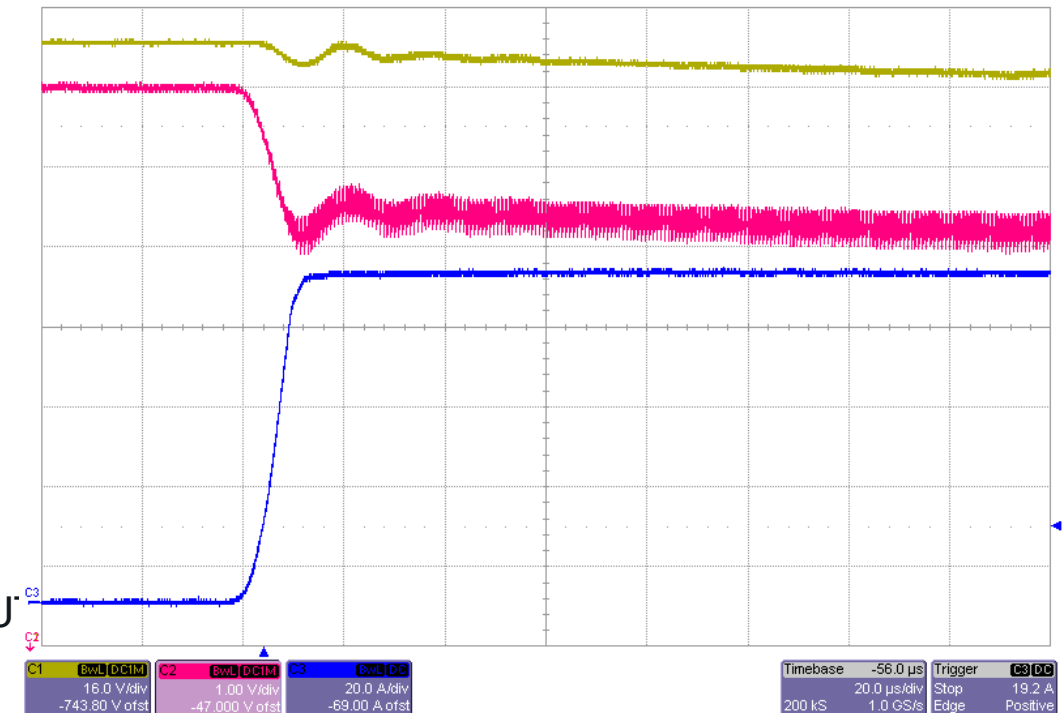
- Smaller magnetic components
- Smaller path lengths for turns

Package has very low parasitic inductance on input/output connections

Response is flat as a function of R_{OU} from DC to over 1.0 MHz

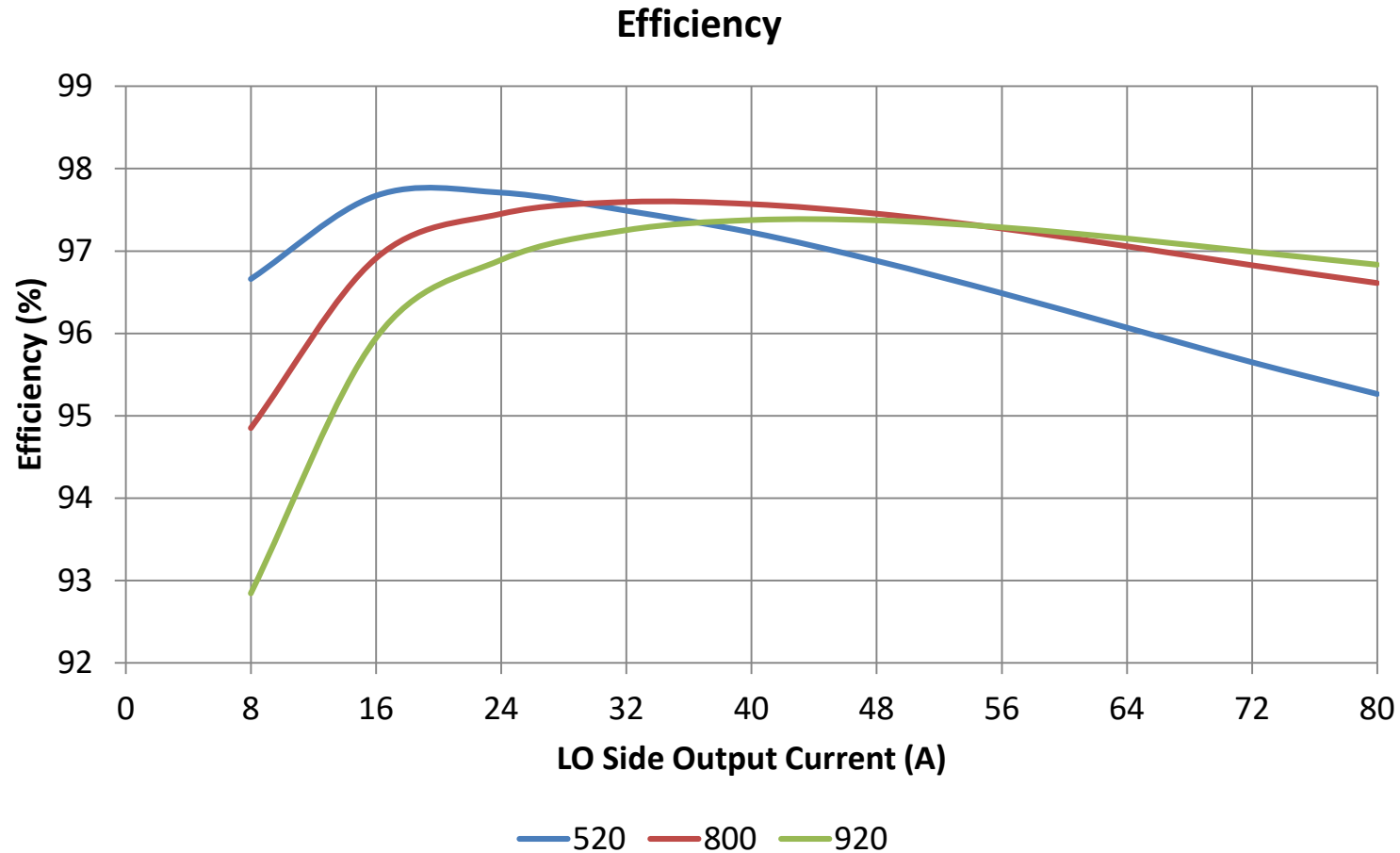
BCM6135 Load Step Transient

$V_{HI} = 800V$, I_{LO} step from 0A – 80A, $di_{LO}/dt \approx 8.6A/\mu s$ (8.6MA/s), No C_{LO}

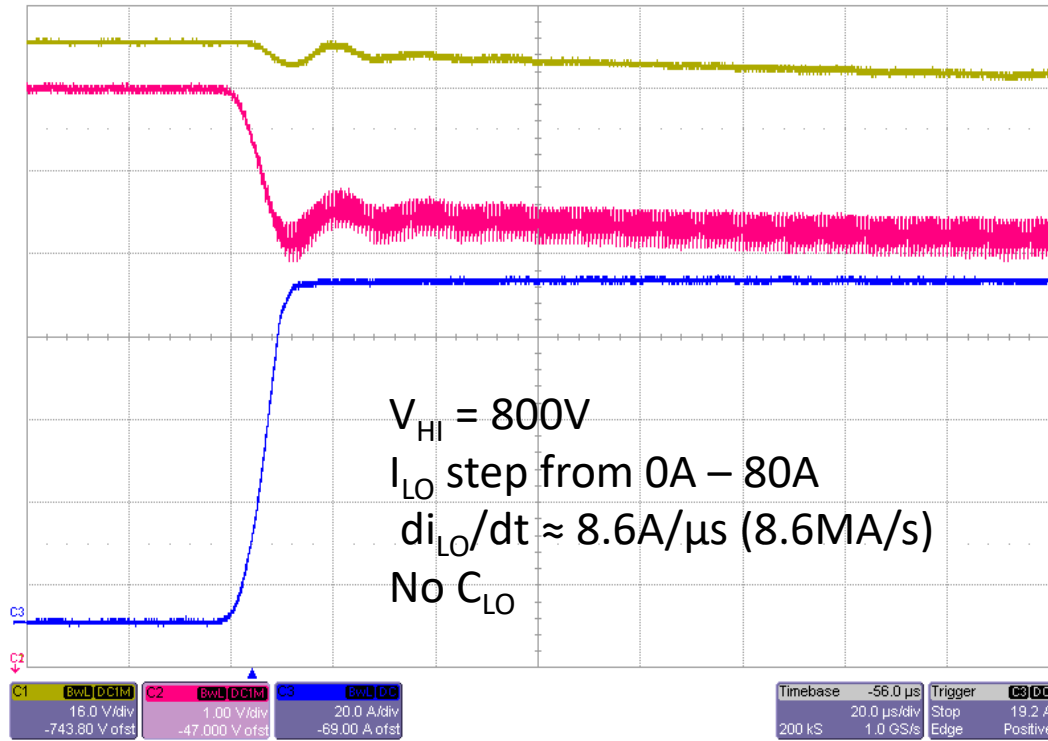


BCM6135 Efficiency

Bench measurement at 25°C ambient

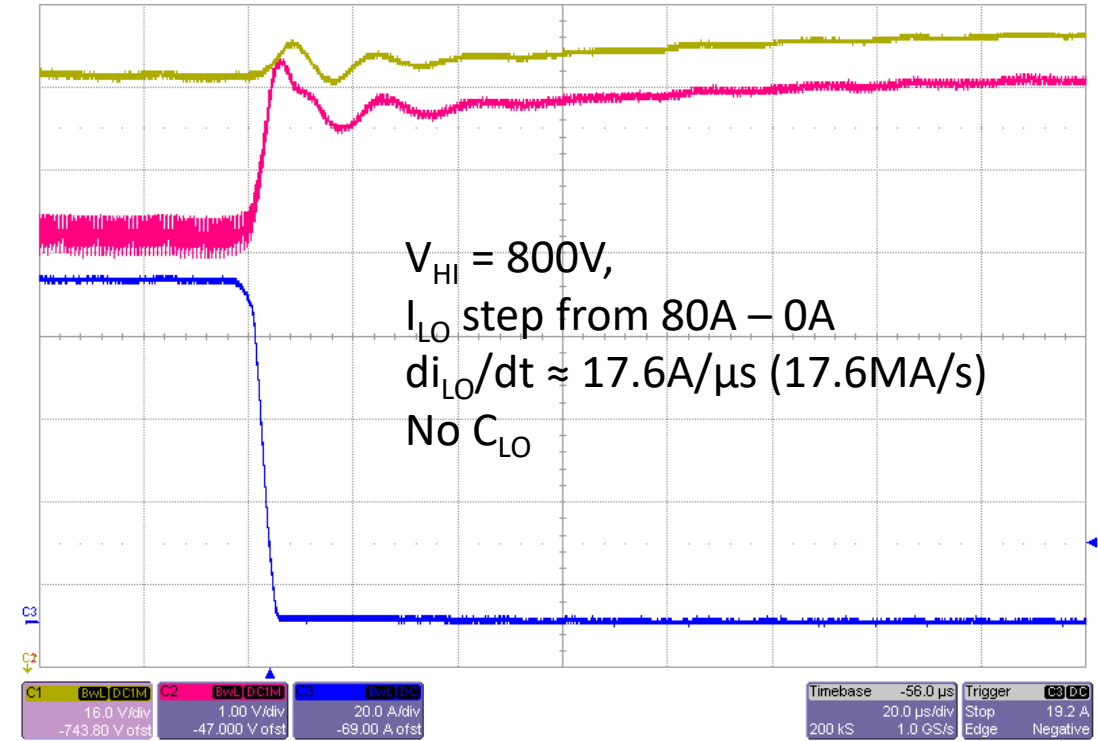


BCM6135 Load Step Transient



CH1 - V_{HI} : 16V/div. (DC)
 CH2 - V_{LO} : 1V/div. (DC)

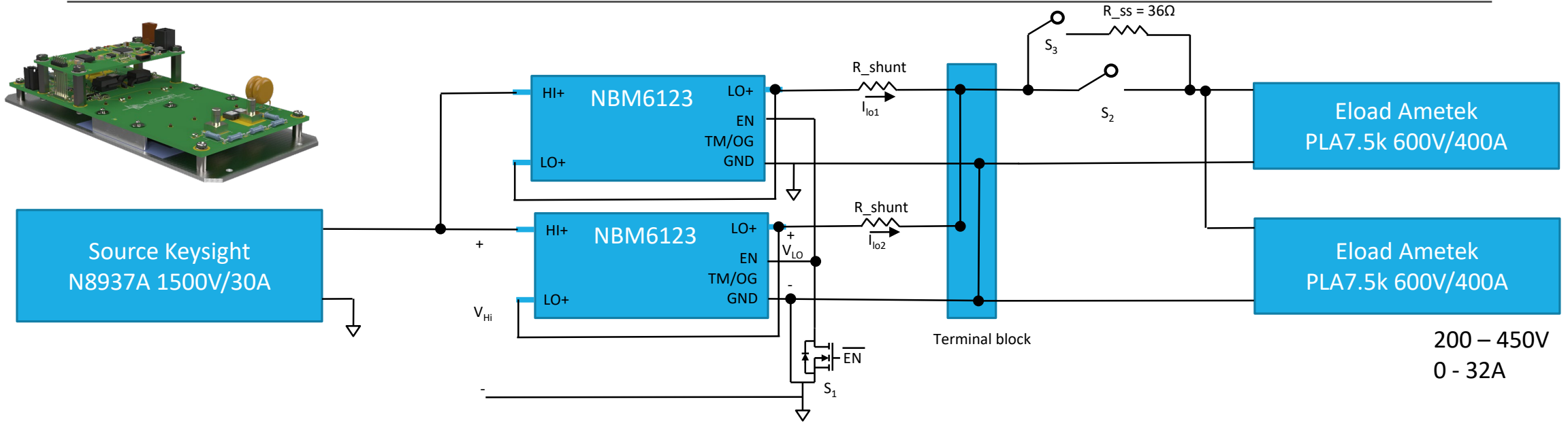
CH3 - I_{LO} : 20A/div. (DC)
 Timebase - 20 μs /div.



CH1 - V_{HI} : 16V/div. (DC)
 CH2 - V_{LO} : 1V/div. (DC)

CH3 - I_{LO} : 20A/div. (DC)
 Timebase - 20 μs /div.

Power Test Setup



- Startup $C_{Lomax} = 3.3 \mu F$
- 25uF C_o on each PLA7.5K E-load
- S_2, S_3 : Relay, 1000Vdc, 50A
- $R_{shunt} = 2m\Omega$

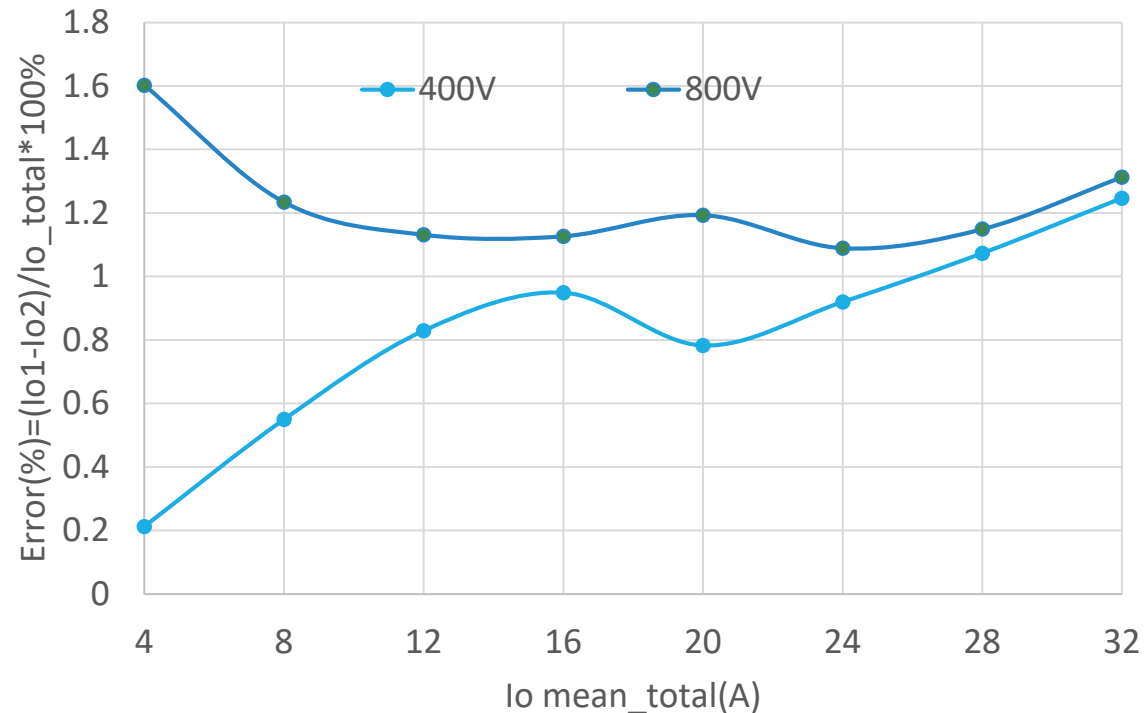
This array combines 2 NBM6123 modules in Buck Mode 800V – 400V

- Each Module provides 7.5 kW
- Array provides 15kW

Network to Higher Power with Array of Miniature Modules



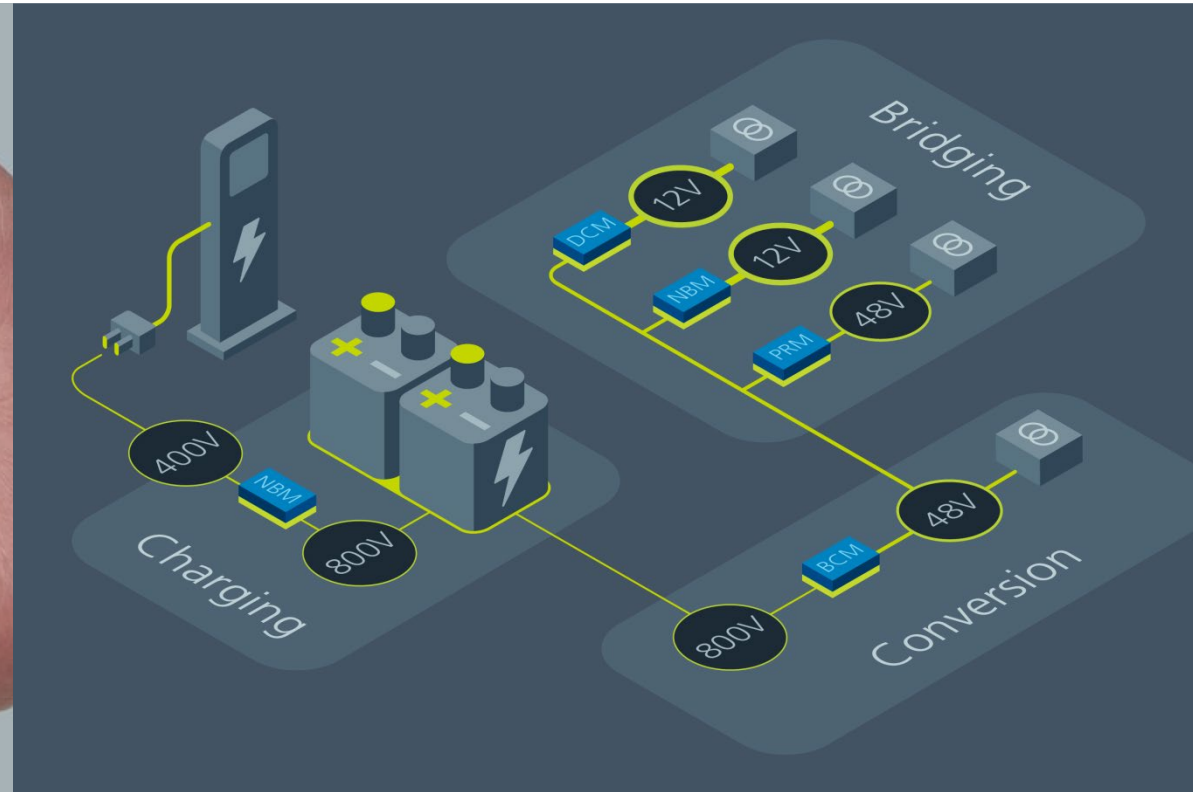
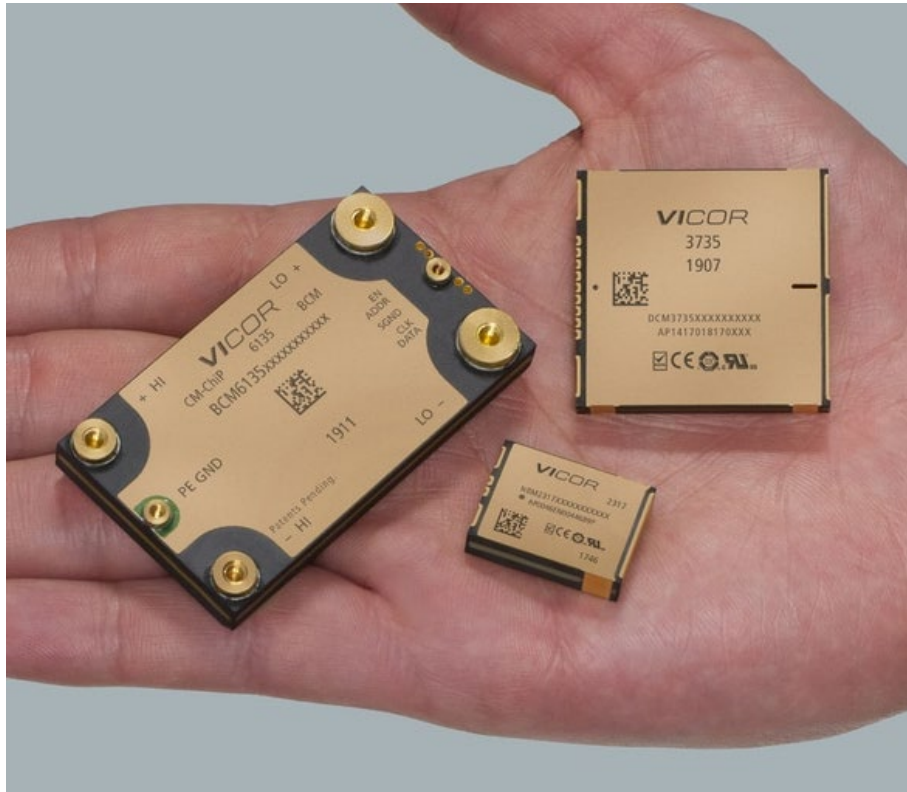
Io Sharing of 2up NBM6123 K1/2 @25C



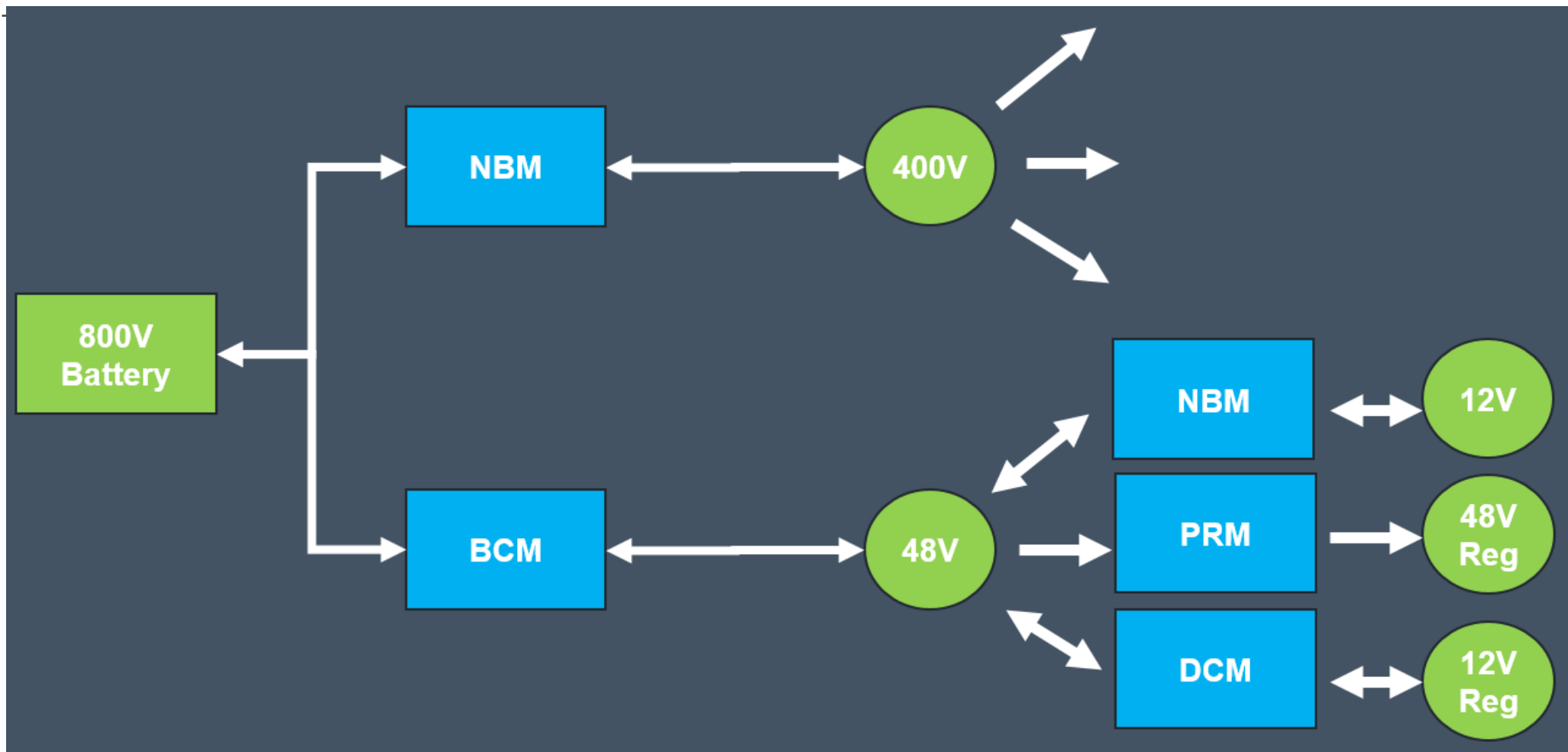
Minimal Current Sharing error which enables arrays of up to 10 modules

Current Sharing Error is under 1.5% for 400V and 800V

Total Power Delivery Network built using Miniaturized Modules



Power Network Possibilities



Miniaturized 400V – 12V DCDC



The contents of this system:

2 BCM6135 to convert 400V to 48V

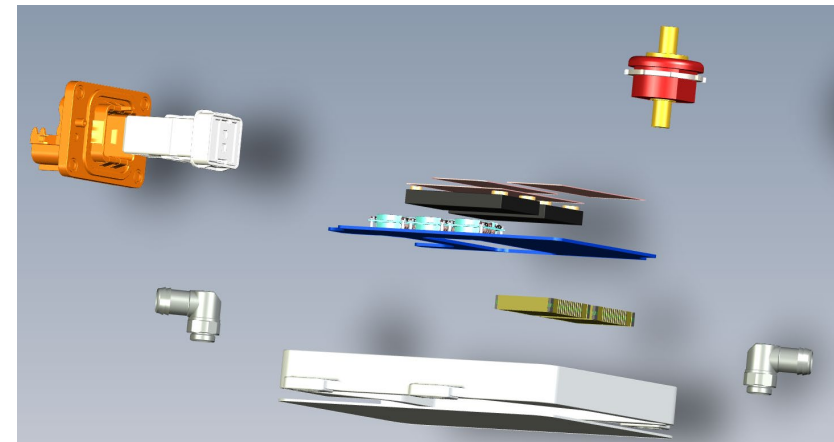
2 DCM3735 to convert 48V to regulated 12V

System PCB Board with HV connector:

- Reverse Polarity
- VCC
- Pre-charge
- EMI Filters
- Isolator
- LV Post Connector
- CAN Connector
- Cooling Plate
- Housing

Vicor Chipset for 4 kW
Volume 0.046L = 87 kW / L

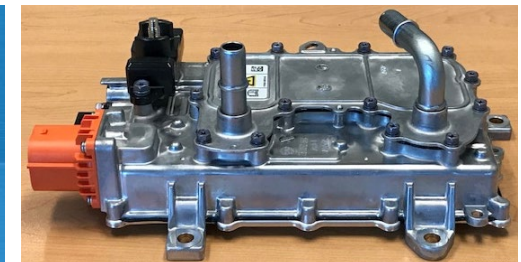
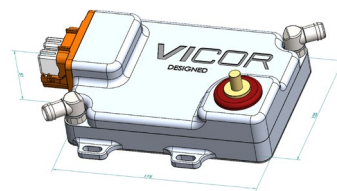
Mass 266 g = 15 kW / kg



Miniaturization achieves up to 5x Improvement in Power Density



	Vicor Concept	Tesla Model X	TDK Production Mach-E
Pout W (Output Power)	4000 @ 13.8V	2300 @ 12 V	3410 @ 15.5V
Output Current A	290	193	220
Weight kg	1.4	2.1	2.7
Size mm (w/o connectors)	0.76 L (175 x 125 x 35)	1.8L (140 x 218 x 60)	4.0 L (288 x 200 x 70)
Efficiency	95% Estimate	93% Estimate	93% Peak
Power Density kW/liter	5.22	1.3	0.84
Gravimetric Power Density kW/kg	2.50	1.1	1.5



Benefits of Miniaturized Power Modules



1. Higher Efficiency provides for less cooling loads at high power conversion
2. Higher power density for lower weight and smaller package size
3. Ability to create a virtual battery

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